## The Pennsylvania System of School Assessment

## Mathematics <br> Item and Scoring Sampler



2017-2018
Grade 6
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## INTRODUCTION

## General Introduction

The Pennsylvania Department of Education provides districts and schools with tools to assist in delivering focused instructional programs aligned with the Pennsylvania Core Standards (PCS). These tools include Academic Standards, Assessment Anchor documents, assessment handbooks, and content-based item and scoring samplers. This Item and Scoring Sampler is a useful tool for Pennsylvania educators in preparing local instructional programs. It can also be useful in preparing students for the statewide assessment.

This Item and Scoring Sampler is available in Braille format. For more information regarding Braille call (717) 901-2238.

## PennsyIvania Core Standards (PCS)

This sampler contains examples of test questions designed to assess the Pennsylvania Assessment Anchors and Eligible Content aligned to the Pennsylvania Core Standards. The Mathematics, Reading, and Writing PSSA transitioned to PCS-based operational Mathematics and English Language Arts assessments starting with the spring 2015 PSSA administration.

The 2013 PCS-aligned Assessment Anchor and Eligible Content documents are posted on this portal:
> www.education.pa.gov [Hover over "K-12," select "Assessment and Accountability," and select "Pennsylvania System of School Assessment (PSSA)." Then select "Assessment Anchors/Eligible Content" on the right side of the screen.]

## What Is Included

This sampler contains test questions (items) that have been written to align to the Assessment Anchors that are based on the Pennsylvania Core Standards (PCS). The test questions provide an idea of the types of items that will appear on an operational, PCS-based PSSA. Each sample test question has been through a rigorous review process to ensure alignment with the Assessment Anchors.

## Purpose and Uses

The items in this sampler may be used as examples for creating assessment items at the classroom level, and they may also be copied and used as part of a local instructional program. ${ }^{1}$ Classroom teachers may find it beneficial to have students respond to the open-ended item in this sampler. Educators can then use the sampler as a guide to score the responses either independently or together with colleagues within a school or district.

## Item Format and Scoring Guidelines

The multiple-choice (MC) items have four answer choices. Each correct response to an MC item is worth one point.
Each open-ended (OE) item is designed to take approximately ten to fifteen minutes to complete. During the administration of the PSSA, students are given additional time as necessary to complete the test items. Each OE item in mathematics is scored using an item-specific scoring guideline based on a $0-4$-point scale. In this sampler, every item-specific scoring guideline is combined with examples of student responses that represent each score point to form a practical, item-specific scoring guide.

This sampler also includes the General Description of Scoring Guidelines for Mathematics Open-Ended Questions that students will have access to during a PSSA mathematics administration. The general description of scoring guidelines can be distributed to students for use during local assessments and can also be used by educators when scoring local assessments. ${ }^{1}$

[^0]
## Item Alignment

All PSSA items are aligned to statements and specifications included in the Assessment Anchors and Eligible Content Aligned to the Pennsylvania Core Standards. The mathematics content, process skills, directives, and action statements included in the PSSA mathematics questions align with the Assessment Anchor Content Standards. The Eligible Content statements represent the limits of the content of the mathematics questions.

## Testing Time and Mode of Testing Delivery for the PSSA

The PSSA is delivered in traditional paper-and-pencil format as well as in an online format. The estimated time to respond to a test question is the same for both methods of test delivery. During an official testing administration, students are given additional time as necessary to complete the test questions. The following table shows the estimated response time for each item type.

| Mathematics Item Type | MC | OE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Estimated Response Time <br> (minutes) | 2 | 10 to 15 |

## Mathematics Reporting Categories

The Assessment Anchors are organized into four classifications as listed below.

| $-\mathrm{A}=$ Numbers and Operations | $\bullet$ C = Geometry |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\bullet$ B = Algebraic Concepts | $\bullet$ D = Data Analysis and Probability |

These four classifications are used throughout the grade levels. In addition to these classifications, there are five Reporting Categories for each grade level. The first letter of each Reporting Category represents the classification; the second letter represents the Domain as stated in the Common Core State Standards for Mathematics. Listed below are the Reporting Categories for Grade 6.

- $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{N}=$ The Number System
- A-R = Ratios and Proportional Relationships
- $B-E=$ Expressions and Equations
- C-G = Geometry
- D-S = Statistics and Probability

Examples of multiple-choice and open-ended items assessing these categories are included in this booklet.

## General Description of Scoring Guidelines for Mathematics Open-Ended Questions

4- The response demonstrates a thorough understanding of the mathematical concepts and procedures required by the task.

The response provides correct answer(s) with clear and complete mathematical procedures shown and a correct explanation, as required by the task. Response may contain a minor "blemish" or omission in work or explanation that does not detract from demonstrating a thorough understanding.

3- The response demonstrates a general understanding of the mathematical concepts and procedures required by the task.

The response and explanation (as required by the task) are mostly complete and correct. The response may have minor errors or omissions that do not detract from demonstrating a general understanding.

2- The response demonstrates a partial understanding of the mathematical concepts and procedures required by the task.

The response is somewhat correct with partial understanding of the required mathematical concepts and/or procedures demonstrated and/or explained. The response may contain some work that is incomplete or unclear.

1- The response demonstrates a minimal understanding of the mathematical concepts and procedures required by the task.

0 - The response has no correct answer and insufficient evidence to demonstrate any understanding of the mathematical concepts and procedures required by the task for that grade level.

Response may show only information copied from the question.
Special Categories within zero reported separately:
BLK (blank) $\qquad$ Blank, entirely erased, or written refusal to respond
OT. $\qquad$ .Off task

LOE. $\qquad$ Response in a language other than English
IL $\qquad$ Illegible

## Item and Scoring Sampler Format

This sampler includes the test directions and scoring guidelines that appear in the PSSA Mathematics assessments. Each multiple-choice item is followed by a table that includes the alignment, the answer key, the depth of knowledge (DOK) level, the percentage ${ }^{2}$ of students who chose each answer option, and a brief answer-option analysis or rationale. The open-ended item is followed by a table that includes the item alignment, DOK level, and mean student score. Additionally, each of the included item-specific scoring guidelines is combined with sample student responses representing each score point to form a practical, item-specific scoring guide. The General Description of Scoring Guidelines for Mathematics Open-Ended Questions used to develop the item-specific scoring guidelines should be used if any additional item-specific scoring guidelines are created for use within local instructional programs.

Example Multiple-Choice Item Information Table

| Item Information | Assigned AAEC |
| :--- | :--- |
| Alignment | Correct Answer |
| Answer Key | Assigned DOK |
| Depth of Knowledge | Percentage of students who selected each option |
| $p$-value A | Percentage of students who selected each option |
| $p$-value B | Percentage of students who selected each option |
| $p$-value C | Percentage of students who selected each option |
| $p$-value D | Brief answer-option analysis or rationale |
| Option Annotations |  |
|  |  |

Example Open-Ended Item Information Table

| Alignment | Assigned AAEC | Depth of Knowledge | Assigned DOK | Mean Score |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

[^1]
## Grade 6 Formula Sheet

Formulas that you may need to work questions on this test are found below.

Triangle

$A=\frac{1}{2} b h$

## Rectangle


$A=l w$

Square

$A=s^{2}$


$$
A=b h
$$

## Trapezoid


$A=\frac{1}{2} h\left(b_{1}+b_{2}\right)$
Rectangular Prism

$V=l w h \quad S A=2 l w+2 l h+2 w h$


$$
V=s \cdot s \cdot s \quad S A=6 s^{2}
$$

## Triangular Prism



$$
S A=a h+a w+b w+c w
$$

## Mathematics Test Directions

On the following pages are the mathematics questions.

- You may not use a calculator for question 1. You may use a calculator for all other questions on this test.


## Directions for Multiple-Choice Questions:

Some questions will ask you to select an answer from among four choices.
For the multiple-choice questions:

- First solve the problem on scratch paper.
- Choose the correct answer and record your choice in the answer booklet.
- If none of the choices matches your answer, go back and check your work for possible errors.
- Only one of the answers provided is the correct response.


## Directions for Open-Ended Questions:

Some questions will require you to write your response.
For the open-ended questions:

- These questions have more than one part. Be sure to read the directions carefully.
- You cannot receive the highest score for an open-ended question without completing all tasks in the question. For example, if the question asks you to show your work or explain your reasoning, be sure to show your work or explain your reasoning in the space provided.
- If the question does not ask you to show your work or explain your reasoning, you may use the space provided, but only those parts of your response that the question specifically asks for will be scored.
- Write your response in the appropriate location within the response box in the answer booklet. Some answers may require graphing, plotting, labeling, drawing, or shading. If you use scratch paper, be sure to transfer your final response and any needed work or reasoning to the answer booklet.


## Question 1 in this sampler is to be solved without the use of a calculator.

## MULTIPLE-CHOICE ITEMS

1. Simplify: $2(2.036)-2.268$
A. 1.768
B. 1.804
C. 2.216
D. 2.232

| Item Information | A-N.2.1.1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Alignment | B |
| Answer Key | 1 |
| Depth of Knowledge | $14 \%$ |
| $p$-value A | $64 \%$ (correct answer) |
| $p$-value B | $9 \%$ |
| $p$-value C | $13 \%$ |
| $p$-value D | A. multiplies the 2 by only the whole-number part of 2.036 to get 4.036 <br> B. correct <br> C. subtracts high digit minus low digit in $4.072-2.268$ <br> D. multiplies the 2 by only the whole-number part of 2.036 to get 4.036, and <br> subtracts high digit minus low digit in 4.036 - 2.268 |

## A calculator is permitted for use in solving questions 2-17 in this sampler.

2. Grace has $15 \frac{3}{4}$ cups of plant food.

- $\quad$ She divides the plant food equally into 3 bags.
- She uses all the plant food in 1 of the bags to feed her potted flowers.
- $\quad$ She feeds each potted flower $\frac{3}{4}$ cup of plant food.

How many potted flowers does Grace feed?
A. $4 \frac{1}{2}$
B. 5
C. $5 \frac{1}{2}$
D. 7

| Item Information | A-N.1.1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Alignment | D |
| Answer Key | 2 |
| Depth of Knowledge | $19 \%$ |
| $p$-value A | $18 \%$ |
| $p$-value B | $17 \%$ |
| $p$-value C | $46 \%$ (correct answer) |
| $p$-value D | A. divides $15 \frac{3}{4}$ by 3 to get $5 \frac{1}{4}$, and then subtracts $\frac{3}{4}$ from $5 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| Option Annotations | B. subtracts $\frac{3}{4}$ from $15 \frac{3}{4}$ to get 15, and then divides 15 by 3 |
|  | C. divides $15 \frac{3}{4}$ by 3 to get $5 \frac{1}{4}$, retains the whole number (5), and then |
|  | D. correct |
|  |  |

3. Ivan packed 56 apples and 72 pears into boxes. He packed both apples and pears into each box. He put the same number of apples into every box and the same number of pears into every box. He sold each box for $\$ 19.95$. What is the greatest amount of money lvan could earn selling all the boxes of fruit?
A. $\$ 39.90$
B. $\$ 79.80$
C. $\$ 159.60$
D. $\$ 179.55$

## Item Information

| Alignment | A-N.2.2.1 <br> A-N.2.1.1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Answer Key | C |
| Depth of Knowledge | 2 |
| $p$-value A | $11 \%$ |
| $p$-value B | $19 \%$ |
| $p$-value C | $52 \%$ (correct answer) |
| $p$-value D | $18 \%$ |
| Option Annotations | A. uses 2 as the GCF <br> B. uses 4 as the GCF <br> C. correct <br> D. factors 56 as $9 \times 6$ and uses 9 as the GCF |

4. Which statement about the opposite of a number is correct?
A. The opposite of 5 is $\frac{1}{5}$.
B. The opposite of 0 is 0 .
C. The opposite of -5 is 0 .
D. The opposite of -5 is 1 .

| Item Information | A-N.3.1.2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Alignment | B |
| Answer Key | 1 |
| Depth of Knowledge | $19 \%$ |
| $p$-value A | $66 \%$ (correct answer) |
| $p$-value B | $8 \%$ |
| $p$-value C | A. sees the opposite of $\frac{5}{1}$ as $\frac{1}{5}$ |
| $p$-value D | B. correct |
| Option Annotations | C. knows $-5(0)=0$, so thinks 0 is the opposite (i.e., confuses with <br> Multiplicative Property of 0 ) |
|  | D. knows $-5(1)=-5$, so thinks 1 is the opposite (i.e., confuses with Identity |
| Property of Multiplication) |  |

5. Which number line shows a point graphed at every location that represents a number with an absolute value of 4.5 ?
A.

B.

C.


| Item Information | A-N.3.2.2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Alignment | C |
| Answer Key | 1 |
| Depth of Knowledge | $31 \%$ |
| $p$-value A | $7 \%$ |
| $p$-value B | $58 \%$ (correct answer) |
| $p$-value C | $4 \%$ |
| $p$-value D | A. omits -4.5 <br> B. omits 4.5 (may think absolute value is equivalent to "the opposite of") <br> C. correct <br> D. uses -4.5, but includes an additional 4.5 in negative direction |
| Option Annotations |  |

6. Elliot plants lettuce and onions in his garden. He always plants the same ratio of lettuce plants to onion plants, as shown in the table below.

Elliot's Plants

| Lettuce <br> Plants | Onion <br> Plants |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $?$ |
| 4 | 12 |
| 6 | 18 |
| 8 | 24 |

Based on the information in the table, how many onion plants would Elliot plant for 1 lettuce plant?
A. 3
B. 4
C. 6
D. 9

Item Information

| Alignment | A-R.1.1.3 <br> A-R.1.1.2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Answer Key | A |
| Depth of Knowledge | 2 |
| $p$-value A | $75 \%$ (correct answer) |
| $p$-value B | $4 \%$ |
| $p$-value C | $18 \%$ |
| $p$-value D | $3 \%$ |
| Option Annotations | A. correct <br> B. uses the number of lettuce plants from the first row <br> C. starting from the bottom, uses "subtract 6" as the pattern in the onion <br> column |

7. Which expression has the least value?
A. $4^{1}+12$
B. $4^{3}$
C. $25-4^{2}$
D. $4^{4}-160$

| Item Information | B-E.1.1.1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Alignment | C |
| Answer Key | 1 |
| Depth of Knowledge | $9 \%$ |
| $p$-value A | $10 \%$ |
| $p$-value B | $68 \%$ (correct answer) |
| $p$-value C | $13 \%$ |
| $p$-value D | A. selects the expression with the lowest-value exponent <br> B. selects the expression with a single term <br> C. correct <br> D. selects the expression that shows the subtraction of the greatest number |

8. An algebraic expression is described below.

$$
\text { six more than the product of four times the difference between } x \text { and } 3
$$

What is the value of the expression when $x=8$ ?
A. 14
B. 26
C. 35
D. 50

## Item Information

| Alignment | B-E.1.1.2 <br> B-E.1.1.3 <br> B-E.1.1.4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Answer Key | B |
| Depth of Knowledge | 2 |
| $p$-value A | $13 \%$ |
| $p$-value B | $61 \%$ (correct answer) |
| $p$-value C | $18 \%$ |
| $p$-value D | $8 \%$ |
| Option Annotations | A. writes expression as $(4-3) x+6$ <br> B. correct <br> C. writes expression as $4 x-3+6$ <br> D. correctly writes expression as $6+4 \times(x-3)$, correctly applies the <br> subtraction first, but then performs remaining operations from left to right |

9. Marty read $x$ books. Jackie read 28 books, which is 6 books more than the number of books Marty read. The equation below can be used to find the number of books Marty read.

$$
x+6=28
$$

Ron read 3 times as many books as Marty. How many books did Ron read?
A. 22
B. 34
C. 66
D. 78

| Item Information | B-E. 2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Alignment | C |
| Answer Key | 2 |
| Depth of Knowledge | $32 \%$ |
| $p$-value A | $7 \%$ |
| $p$-value B | $56 \%$ (correct answer) |
| $p$-value C | $5 \%$ |
| $p$-value D | A. solves $x+6=28$ for $x$ <br> B. solves $x-6=28$ for $x$ <br> C. correct <br> D. writes Ron's expression as $3 \times 28-6$ (i.e., omits grouping symbols) |
| Option Annotations |  |

10. A gray whale swims 161 kilometers in 24 hours. The equation below can be used to find the rate ( $r$ ), in kilometers per hour (kph), at which the gray whale swims.

$$
r \times 24=161
$$

Rounded to the nearest tenth, what is the rate at which the gray whale swims?
A. 3.8 kph
B. 3.9 kph
C. 6.7 kph
D. 6.8 kph

| Item Information | B-E.2.1.3 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Alignment | C |
| Answer Key | 2 |
| Depth of Knowledge | $5 \%$ |
| $p$-value A | $5 \%$ |
| $p$-value B | $81 \%$ (correct answer) |
| $p$-value C | $9 \%$ |
| $p$-value D | A. multiplies 161 by 24 and moves the decimal <br> B. multiplies 161 by 24, moves the decimal, and rounds up <br> C. correct <br> D. correctly divides 161 by 24 but rounds up |
| Option Annotations |  |

## PSSA MATHEMATICS GRADE 6

11. The table below shows the relationship between the number of tables and the number of chairs in each of three meeting rooms of an office building.

Meeting Rooms

| Number <br> of Tables <br> $(\boldsymbol{t})$ | Number <br> of Chairs <br> $(\boldsymbol{c})$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 24 |
| 5 | 40 |
| 9 | 72 |

Which equation describes the relationship between the number of tables and the number of chairs in each meeting room?
A. $c=3 t$
B. $c=8 t$
C. $c=21 t$
D. $c=24 t$

Item Information

| Alignment | B-E.3.1.1 <br> B-E.3.1.2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Answer Key | B |
| Depth of Knowledge | 2 |
| $p$-value A | $13 \%$ |
| $p$-value B | $72 \%$ (correct answer) |
| $p$-value C | $7 \%$ |
| $p$-value D | $8 \%$ |
| Option Annotations | A. uses 3 from first table pair <br> B. correct <br> C. uses 24 - 3 from first table pair <br> D. uses 24 from first table pair |

## PSSA MATHEMATICS GRADE 6

12. A store is having a sale. All items are discounted $20 \%$ off the original price. Which table shows the relationship between the original price and the discount?
A.
20\% Off Sale

| Original <br> Price | Discount |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 9.95$ | $\$ 0.20$ |
| $\$ 19.95$ | $\$ 0.40$ |
| $\$ 29.95$ | $\$ 0.60$ |
| $\$ 39.95$ | $\$ 0.80$ |

B.
20\% Off Sale

| Original <br> Price | Discount |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 9.95$ | $\$ 1.99$ |
| $\$ 19.95$ | $\$ 3.99$ |
| $\$ 29.95$ | $\$ 5.99$ |
| $\$ 39.95$ | $\$ 7.99$ |

C.
20\% Off Sale

| Original <br> Price | Discount |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 29.50$ | $\$ 0.59$ |
| $\$ 32.00$ | $\$ 0.64$ |
| $\$ 38.75$ | $\$ 0.78$ |
| $\$ 42.50$ | $\$ 0.85$ |

D.
20\% Off Sale

| Original <br> Price | Discount |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 29.50$ | $\$ 2.75$ |
| $\$ 32.00$ | $\$ 3.00$ |
| $\$ 38.75$ | $\$ 3.65$ |
| $\$ 42.50$ | $\$ 4.05$ |

## Item Information

| Alignment | B-E.3.1.2 <br> A-R.1.1.5 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Answer Key | B |
| Depth of Knowledge | 2 |
| $p$-value A | $16 \%$ |
| $p$-value B | $60 \%$ (correct answer) |
| $p$-value C | $9 \%$ |
| $p$-value D | $15 \%$ |
| Option Annotations | A. equates 20\% with 0.2 and uses pattern of $\$ 0.20$ in Discount column <br> B. correct <br> C. multiplies by 0.02 <br> D. moves decimal to the left 1 place, subtracts 0.20, rounds down to nearest <br> nickel (if necessary) |

13. A figure is shown below.


What is the area of the figure?
A. 205 sq ft
B. 230 sq ft
C. 265 sq ft
D. 280 sq ft

Item Information

| Alignment | C-G.1.1.2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Answer Key | A |
| Depth of Knowledge | 2 |
| $p$-value A | $53 \%$ (correct answer) |
| $p$-value B | $12 \%$ |
| $p$-value C | $22 \%$ |
| $p$-value D | $13 \%$ |
| Option Annotations | A. correct <br> B. determines the area of the 17 by 15 rectangle and subtracts $5 \times 5$ <br> (instead of subtracting $5 \times 10$ ) <br> C. divides figure into two rectangles with a horizontal line, but adds $17 \times 5$ and <br> $15 \times 12$ (instead of adding $10 \times 12$ ) <br> D. determines the area of the 17 by 15 rectangle and adds $5 \times 5$ <br> (instead of subtracting $5 \times 10$ ) |

14. A rectangular prism is pictured below.


What is the volume of the rectangular prism?
A. $\quad 89 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
B. $203 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
C. $576 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
D. $610 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$

Item Information

| Alignment | C-G.1.1.3 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Answer Key | D |
| Depth of Knowledge | 1 |
| $p$-value A | $8 \%$ |
| $p$-value B | $8 \%$ |
| $p$-value C | $12 \%$ |
| $p$-value D | $72 \%$ (correct answer) |
| Option Annotations | A. adds edge lengths and then multiplies the sum by 3 <br> B. multiplies edge lengths and then divides the product by 3 <br> C. adds the product of whole numbers to the product of fractions <br> D. correct |

15. A three-dimensional figure is pictured below.


Which net could form the three-dimensional figure when folded along the dashed line segments?
A.

B.

C.

D.


| Item Information | C-G.1.1.5 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Alignment | D |
| Answer Key | 2 |
| Depth of Knowledge | $18 \%$ |
| $p$-value A | $3 \%$ |
| $p$-value B | $5 \%$ |
| $p$-value C | $74 \%$ (correct answer) |
| $p$-value D | A. selects a net with all faces being triangular <br> B. selects a net with a rectangular base, but lateral faces are not triangular <br> C. selects a net with rectangular and triangular faces but reverses locations of <br> rectangles and triangles |
| Dption Annotations | D. correct |

16. A band has an album with 9 songs on it. The lengths of the songs, in seconds, are listed below.

$$
\begin{array}{lllllllll}
181 & 134 & 155 & 201 & 265 & 94 & 326 & 298 & 326
\end{array}
$$

What is the median song length, in seconds, of the 9 songs on the band's album?
A. 201
B. 220
C. 265
D. 326

| Item Information | D-S.1.1.2 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Alignment | A |
| Answer Key | 1 |
| Depth of Knowledge | $71 \%$ (correct answer) |
| $p$-value A | $6 \%$ |
| $p$-value B | $18 \%$ |
| $p$-value C | $5 \%$ |
| $p$-value D | A. correct <br> B. determines the mean of the data <br> C. selects the middle value in the unordered list <br> D. determines the mode of the data |
| Option Annotations |  |

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## OPEN-ENDED QUESTION

17. Carlos surveyed 40 men about their shoe sizes. Carlos made the box-and-whisker plot below to display his results.

A. What was the median shoe size of the 40 men Carlos surveyed? Explain how you found your answer.
18. Continued. Please refer to the previous page for task explanation.

Martin thinks more men have shoe sizes between 6 and 9 than between $11 \frac{1}{2}$ and 13 because the whisker from 6 to 9 is longer than the whisker from $11 \frac{1}{2}$ to 13 .
B. Explain why Martin is not correct. As part of your explanation, find the number of men with shoe sizes in each interval and describe how you found those numbers.

## Item-Specific Scoring Guideline

## \#17 Item Information

| Alignment | D-S.1 | Depth of Knowledge | 2 | Mean Score | 1.05 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Assessment Anchor this item will be reported under:

M06.D-S.1-Demonstrate understanding of statistical variability by summarizing and describing distributions.

## Specific Anchor Descriptor addressed by this item:

M06.D-S.1.1-Display, analyze, and summarize numerical data sets in relation to their context.

## Scoring Guide

| Score | In this item, the student ... |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Demonstrates a thorough understanding of statistical variability by correctly solving problems <br> and clearly explaining procedures. |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Demonstrates a general understanding of statistical variability by correctly solving problems and <br> clearly explaining procedures with only minor errors or omissions. |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Demonstrates a partial understanding of statistical variability by correctly performing a significant <br> portion of the required task. |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Demonstrates minimal understanding of statistical variability. |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | The response has no correct answer and insufficient evidence to demonstrate any understanding <br> of the mathematical concepts and procedures as required by the task. Response may show only <br> information copied from the question. |

## Top-Scoring Student Response and Training Notes

| Score | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Student earns 4 points. |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Student earns 3.0-3.5 points. |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Student earns 2.0-2.5 points. |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Student earns 0.5-1.5 points. <br> OR <br> Student demonstrates minimal understanding of statistical variability. |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | Response is incorrect or contains some correct work that is irrelevant to the skill or concept <br> being measured. |

## Top-Scoring Response

## Part A (2 points):

1 point for correct answer
1 point for complete explanation
OR $\frac{1}{2}$ point for correct but incomplete explanation

| What? | Why? |
| :---: | :--- |
| (size) $10 \frac{1}{2}$ | Sample Explanation: <br> In a box-and-whisker plot, the line inside the box represents the median. |

## Part B (2 points):

1 point for correct answer
1 point for complete explanation
OR $\frac{1}{2}$ point for correct but incomplete explanation

| What? | Why? |
| :---: | :--- |
| 10 (men) | Sample Explanation: <br> The first whisker represents the 1st quartile and the second whisker represents the |
|  | 4 th quartile. Each quartile represents $\frac{1}{4}$ of the total number of males. Since there are <br> 40 males surveyed, each quartile represents 10 males. |

## STUDENT RESPONSE

## Response Score: 4 points



## PART A



## PART B



STUDENT RESPONSE
Response Score: 3 points
17. Carlos surveyed 40 men about their shoe sizes. Carlos made the box-and-whisker plot below to display his results.

Men's Shoe Sizes

A. What was the median shoe size of the 40 men Carlos surveyed? Explain how you found your answer.


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Minimum }=6 \\
& M \text { aximum }=13 \\
& L Q=9 \\
& U Q=10.5 \quad \text { Media }=10.5
\end{aligned}
$$

The median shoe size of the 40 men Carlos surveyed was 10.5. The dots at the ends of the line are the minimum and maximum, which are 6 and 13. The end lines of the bax on the line are the lower quartile and the upper quartile, which are 9 and 11.5. Therefore, the middle line is the median. When I was looking for the median. I was looking for the middle line in the box. Which was 10.5.

The student has given the correct answer and a complete explanation.

Go to the next page to finish question 17.
17. Continued. Please refer to the previous page for task explanation.

Martin thinks more men have shoe sizes between 6 and 9 than between $11 \frac{1}{2}$ and 13 because the whisker from 6 to 9 is longer than the whisker from $11 \frac{1}{2}$ to 13 .
B. Explain why Martin is not correct. As part of your explanation, find the number of men with shoe sizes in each interval and describe how you found those numbers.

Martin's theory about that there are more men who have shoe sizes between 6 and 9 than between $11 \frac{1}{2}$ and 13 is incorrect. Just because the whisker is longer, docs not mean there are more shoe sizes. The shoe sizes between $11 \frac{1}{2}$ and 13 are the same amount. This is because the 6 represents the minimum since it is the endpoint on the left side of the line, the left line of the box represents the lower quartile, which is 9. Therefore, the number of shoe sizes from 6 to 9 are 257 of the total amount of shoe sizes. From the maximum, 13, or the endpoint on the right side of the line to the upper quartile, $11 \frac{1}{2}$, or the right line of the box, is also $25 \%$. of the total amount of shoe sizes because it is a quartile. The median of the middle line of the box is 10.5. The only reason why the whisker is longer from 6409 than $11 \frac{1}{2}$ to 13 is because the range of 6 to 9 is bigger than the range of $11 \frac{1}{2}$ to 13.


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Minimum }=6 \\
& \text { Maximum }=13 \\
& L Q=9 \\
& U Q=11.5 \\
& \text { Median }=10.5
\end{aligned}
$$

The student has not given an answer but the explanation is correct and complete.

After you have checked your work, close your answer booklet and test booklet so your teacher will know you are finished.

## STUDENT RESPONSE

## Response Score: $\mathbf{2}$ points



## PART A



## PART B



STUDENT RESPONSE
Response Score: 1 point
17. Carlos surveyed 40 men about their shoe sizes. Carlos made the box-and-whisker plot below to display his results.

Men's Shoe Sizes

A. What was the median shoe size of the 40 men Carlos surveyed? Explain how you found your answer.

$$
99 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times 10 \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}
$$

(10 $\frac{1}{2}$ because If you put the numbers from least to greatest and check off left to right you will get the answer.

The student has given the correct answer and an incorrect explanation.

Go to the next page to finish question 17.

PSSA MATHEMATICS GRADE 6
17. Continued. Please refer to the previous page for task explanation.

Martin thinks more men have shoe sizes between 6 and 9 than between $11 \frac{1}{2}$ and 13 because the whisker from 6 to 9 is longer than the whisker from $11 \frac{1}{2}$ to 13 .
B. Explain why Martin is not correct. As part of your explanation, find the number of men with shoe sizes in each interval and describe how you found those numbers.

Martin is not correct because just because the whisker is longer cloesn't mean that there are more shoe sizes. There could be only 5 people who have shoe sizes from $6-9$ and 35 men with shoe sizes from $11 \frac{1}{2}$ to 13 . Only one person for each shoe size 6-9 and 3 or 4 each for the $11 \frac{1}{2}$ to 13 shoe sizes.

The student has given an incorrect answer and an incorrect explanation.

After you have checked your work, close your answer booklet and test booklet so your teacher will know you are finished.

## STUDENT RESPONSE

## Response Score: $\mathbf{0}$ point



## PART A



## PART B



## MATHEMATICS—SUMMARY DATA

## MULTIPLE-CHOICE

| Sample Number | Alignment | Answer Key | Depth of Knowledge | $\begin{gathered} p \text {-values } \\ \text { A } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $p \text {-values }$ <br> B | $\begin{gathered} p \text {-values } \\ C \end{gathered}$ | $p \text {-values }$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | A-N.2.1.1 | B | 1 | 14\% | 64\% | 9\% | 13\% |
| 2 | A-N.1.1 | D | 2 | 19\% | 18\% | 17\% | 46\% |
| 3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A-N.2.2.1 } \\ & \text { A-N.2.1.1 } \end{aligned}$ | C | 2 | 11\% | 19\% | 52\% | 18\% |
| 4 | A-N.3.1.2 | B | 1 | 19\% | 66\% | 8\% | 7\% |
| 5 | A-N.3.2.2 | C | 1 | 31\% | 7\% | 58\% | 4\% |
| 6 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A-R.1.1.3 } \\ & \text { A-R.1.1.2 } \end{aligned}$ | A | 2 | 75\% | 4\% | 18\% | 3\% |
| 7 | B-E.1.1.1 | C | 1 | 9\% | 10\% | 68\% | 13\% |
| 8 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B-E.1.1.2 } \\ & \text { B-E.1.1.3 } \\ & \text { B-E.1.1.4 } \end{aligned}$ | B | 2 | 13\% | 61\% | 18\% | 8\% |
| 9 | B-E. 2 | C | 2 | 32\% | 7\% | 56\% | 5\% |
| 10 | B-E.2.1.3 | C | 2 | 5\% | 5\% | 81\% | 9\% |
| 11 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B-E.3.1.1 } \\ & \text { B-E.3.1.2 } \end{aligned}$ | B | 2 | 13\% | 72\% | 7\% | 8\% |
| 12 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B-E.3.1.2 } \\ & \text { A-R.1.1.5 } \end{aligned}$ | B | 2 | 16\% | 60\% | 9\% | 15\% |
| 13 | C-G.1.1.2 | A | 2 | 53\% | 12\% | 22\% | 13\% |
| 14 | C-G.1.1.3 | D | 1 | 8\% | 8\% | 12\% | 72\% |
| 15 | C-G.1.1.5 | D | 2 | 18\% | 3\% | 5\% | 74\% |
| 16 | D-S.1.1.2 | A | 1 | 71\% | 6\% | 18\% | 5\% |

## OPEN-ENDED

| Sample <br> Number | Alignment | Points | Depth of <br> Knowledge | Mean Score |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17 | D-S.1 | 4 | 2 | 1.05 |



## PSSA Grade 6 Mathematics Item and Scoring Sampler

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[^0]:    1 The permission to copy and/or use these materials does not extend to commercial purposes.

[^1]:    2 All $p$-value percentages listed in the item information tables have been rounded.

